holders' Protective Comtee Told What to Expect by Chairman.

CH MONEY IS NEEDED

Is Not Forthcoming the sent Management Will Step Down and Out.

YORK, March 5 .- In a report pendholders' protective commit-M. Schumacher, chairman of ago, Rock Island & Pacific Railpany, today made known the of his recent investigation of k Island lines, including their cash needs and future require-

\$20,000,000 will be required ss, including \$123,500,000 due company, and interest pay ogether with many other press-gations. He estimates that cash and net earnings for the period gregate \$8,000,000, and the manis now applying for permission a short-term loan of \$7,500,000 securities in the company's It is believed that such a be obtained, but there will main \$4,500,000 to be provided now and July 1, 1914.

## ng for Dividends.

provision is made for the pay f the dividend due May 1, 1914 stock of the Chicago, Rock & Pacific Railroad company collateral for the 4 per cent of the Chicago, Rock Island & Railroad company, due in 2002, the judgment of the mauage-us dividend should not be paid, Schumacher.
system's future need he says

order that the railway company operated to the best advantage duce the best results, an ex-of about \$25,000,000 will be for betterments and improveduring the next five years. This could put the road in better shape ete successfully with its neigh-

physical condition of the road by any means what it should adde the business which is likeoffered when the general busi-he country revives, as we bewill in the not distant future.

# Requirements.

stimated total requirements for five years are given in the re-not less than \$50,000,000, inbetterments and maturing car t these requirements the

w has treasury bonds of \$15, and will receive in five years, ate of \$3,500,000 annually, \$17, per cent refunding mort These securities, the reshould have a good market

ength, including the obligations perating company (the Illinois ion), which is responsible for 1900 of outstanding bonds. schumacher's final conclusions

s some plan can be devised is a good prospect of accom-these results and which is classes of security holders, the 1 per cent bonds repreyour committee, the manage I represent will feel it inad to continue in charge of the

expenditures indicated above de and a fair plan of organiza-n be devised which will pro-e necessary funds as needed, we confidence that the property oduce satisfactory results, and time substantial dividends can med on a proper stock capital, interests of all be fully con-

## EY LOANED TO DERATION NOT DUE

A. Iti., March 5.—Charles H. resident of the Western Federadiners, sent a message today to g. MacDonald of the Illinois of the United Mine Workers of which now is in convention here, ng to know if the report that ald had demanded the return of 000 loaned the federation by the dine Workers was true.

asserted that the loan was not and still unpaid, as press reports ed. MacDonald declared that the poits were untrue and that a mis-

orts were untrue and that a mis-neding had arisen. He said his had referred to a losn mide to mational Mine Workers. He de-ie loan to the federation would be due for two years,

# Divorce Denied.

Divorce Denica.

N. March 5.—Mrs. Lois Burticul, a granddaughter of James Lowell. was denied a divorce ward L. Rantoul by Judge Hardy bridge today. Mrs. Rantoul algel and abusive treatment. The claimed that the troubles of the due to the wife's admitted affor Chester Chapin Rumrill of id.

and March Bring Out Unly Spots. How to Remove Easily.

woman with tender skin dreads by and March because they are o cover her face with ugly freckmatter how thick her veil, the winds have a strong tendency e her freckle.

In the winds have a strong tendency e her freckle.

In the winds have a strong tendency e her freckle.

In the winds have a strong tendency e her freckle.

In the winds have a strong tendency e her freckles where with the strong tendency the for even those most susceptible kles to keep their skin clear and No matter how stubborn a freckles you have, the double hothine should remove them, an ounce from your druggist and a ounce from your druggist and the treekles. Money back if it (Advertisement.)

Vardaman of Mississippi Favorable if South Is Allowed to Eliminate the Negro.

WASHINGTON, March 5 .- Debate on woman suffrage continued in the sepate today without the expected final vote on the proposed constitution al amendment being reached. Many senators were missing from their seats and lack of a quorum prevented a vote on an amendment to the pending resolution submitted by Senator Varda-

"Our women," the Mississippi senator had declared, "will not go to the polls to vote in competition with a race congenitally, eternally, racially, unalterably unfit to perform the su preme functions of citizenship."

He said he would support the resolu tion if congress repealed the fifteenth amendment and modified the four-teenth amendment, and to this end he ffered his amendment to the resolu-As amended the resolution would provide for woman suffrage in all the

provide for woman suffrage in all the states, but in all other respects the right of citizens to vote would be left to the states in which they reside.

Senator Pomerene of Ohio told the senate that although he had voted for woman suffrage in his state, he was opposed to a federal constitutional amendment that would force equal suffrage on states opposed to it. The fact that only 2 per cent of the women had that only 2 per cent of the women had exercised the school franchise in Ohio, he added, was evidence that they did

nestly in favor of woman suffrage that

(Continued from Page One.)

night he was assured President Wilson reference to "other matters" meant all foreign matters confronting the gov

"The administration has inherited many foreign problems," he said, "and it is necessary that our foreign rela-tions he readjusted. That is what I

think the president had in mind."

When the house committee on interwhen the house committee on interesting in the not distant future.

Judgment, however, the sum be spent immediately, but lead in equal installments over of five years.

Equirements.

# Senator Chilton's Plan.

Senator Chilton, discussing his amend ment to directly accomplish the repeal, said that it was his own idea of a way out of the difficulty that might meet the view of some who do not favor di-rect repeal by congress. The president had not been consulted with relation to it, he said. Some senators were inamendment would leave congress open to the charge that it had attempted to lodge an issue flatly placed before it by the president. Senator Root asserted result would be the same as a lat repeal and that congress migh better act by direct repeal.
Some of the leaders in congress,

Democratic member of the committee, telegraphed yesterday to be recorded in favor of the repeal bill at the committee meeting tomorrow.

Representative Palmer of Pennsylva

Representative Palmer of Pennsylvania announced that a poll of the house
conclusively demonstrated that there
are more than enough votes in the
house to sustain the president's appeal.
Representative Knowland of California, Republican, issued a statement
declaring that "because of the failure
of a foreign policy and to please nations that are our commercial rivals,
the government's policy must be rethe government's policy must be reversed, congress turn a somersault and this country humiliated in the eyes of the world. He added that in a speech during the pre-election campaign the president had said, referring to the Baltimore free tolls plank. "Our platform president had said, referring to the Bat-timore free tells plank, "Our platform is not molasses to catch flies; it means business; men who talk one way and yote another will be retired from public

# Text of the Address.

President Wilson's address, the shortest he has yet delivered to congress-exactly 420 words -was as follows:

exactly 420 words—was as follows:

Gentlemen of the congress:

I have come to you on an errand which can be very briefly performed, but I beg that you will not measure its importance by the number of sentences in which I state it. No communication I have addressed to the congress carried with it graver or more far-reaching implications to the interest of the country, and I come now to speak on a matter with regard to which I am charged in a neculiar degree, by the constitution itself, with personal responsibility. I have come to ask for the repeal of that provision of the Panama canal act of August 24, 1912, which exempts vessels engaged in the coastwise trade of the United States from payment of tolls, and to urge on you the justice the wisdom and the large policy of such a repeal, with the utmost earnestness of which I am capable.

Deliberate Judgment. In my own judgment, very fully considered and maturely formed, that exemption constitutes a mistaken eco-nomic policy from every point of view, and is moreover in plain contraven-

(Continued from Page One.)

M. Gleun, secretary of the association, said that the party was at Sao Paulo or Santos today. These cities are not far from the Brazilian capital.

## State's Rights Dispute.

WASHINGTON, March 5.—News of the situation in Brazil created much dis-cussion in official circles here. Gen-grally, however, the opinion was ex-pressed that the trouble would be short-

Attention was called particularly to discontent in the north of the republic and to the fact that Pernambuco had been upset about a year ago when certain acts of the federal government were resented by the state as an assumption by the federal power of unconstitutional authority. It was said, too that considerable feeling exists also in other states over the states rights question. Discontent growing out of transition in financial affairs, due to depreciation in the rubber market and to the breaking up by the United States of the coffee valorization system, was pointed to by some as possible reason for much of the existing unrest. Attention was called particularly to dis

## Quotations as Usual.

NEW ORLEANS, La., March. 5.— Coffee market quotations were received at the New Orleans board of trade from Brazil as usual today, but no mention was made of anything out of the ordinary at Rio de Janeiro. Coffee mer-chants here who have extensive interests in Brazil also were without infor-

## CASHIER CHARGED WITH BAD BANKING

MEMPHIS, Tenn., March 5,-Claude Anderson, cashier of the Mercantile bank which recently closed its doors, was indicted on five counts here today not want the ballot in his state.

Senator Works of California said he disliked a constitutional amendment for the same reasons, but was so car now in jail on an indictment charging larceny, embezzlement and fraudulent breach of trust, which grew out of the failure of the Mercantile bank.

The indictments against Anderson charged fraudulent breach of trust, larceny, receiving funds in an insolvent institution, making a false statement to the superintendent of banks and swearing to a false bank statement.

The indictments returned against Raine charge him with issuing a false bank statement and receiving funds in an insolvent bank

Anderson was released on \$20,000

tion of the treaty with Great Britain concerning the canal concinded on November 18, 1901. But I have not come to you to urge my personal views. I have come to state to you a fact and a situation. Whatever may be our own differences of opinion concerning this much-debated measure, its meaning is not debated outside the United States. Everywhere else the language of the Ureaty is given but one interpretation, and that interpretation precludes the exemption I am asking you to repeal. We consented to the treaty its language was accepted, if we did not originate it, and we are too big, too powerful, too self-respecting a nation to interpret with too strained or reflued a reading the words of our own promises just because we have nower enough to give us leave to read them as we please. The large thing to do is the only thing we can afford to do, a voluntary withdrawal from a position everywhere questioned and misunderstood. We ought to reverse our action without raising the question whether we were right or wrong, and so once more deserve our reputation for generosity and the redemption of every obligation without quibble or hesitation.

hesitation.

I ask this of you in support of the foreign policy of the administration.

I shall not know how to deal with other matters of even greater delicacy and nearer consequence if you do not grant it to me in ungrudging measure.

# O'Gorman Will Resist.

Some of the lenders in congress, including Majority Leader Underwood of the house, who oppose the repeal, had no comment to make.

Many senators and congressmen praised the message. Others indicated that they would support the repeal, alto though they did not agree with the president's position.

Position of Leader Kern.

'I voted for toll exemption, said Senator Kern, Democratic leader in the senate, issued a statement tonight, saying that while he yielded to no one in respect for the president's motives and patriotism, his duty as a senator left him no alternative but resistance to the proposed repeal. He characterized the move as unwise, unnecessary and destructive to the best interests of the American people, and quoted former Presidents Taft and Roosevelt, former Secretaries of State Knox and Olivex and Representative Underwood as holding the exemption clause treaty. If I support the president's reguest I will do so because of his desire for congress to support his foreign policy, and for the further reason that in questions of this kind where there is any doubt as to interpretation of treaties, the foreigner should be given beaefit of the doubt.''

Representative Evans of Montana, a Democratic member of the committee, telegraphed yesterday to be recorded in foreigner politics.

Deficition of Leader Kern.

'I voted for toll exemption, 'said Roosevelt, former Secretaries of State Knox and Olivex and Representative Underwood as holding the exemption clause not to be in violation of the Hay-Declaring that even English lawyers as well as German and other continental writers, had expressed this view, he argued that the word "vessels," as used in the treaty, means ships engaged in over-seas trade.

"I we must purchase foreign friend-ship," the senator concluded, "the price exacted must not involve us in national dishonor and repudiation of party pledges upon which this administration secured office."

# PRESIDENT PRAISED BY LONDON PAPERS

LONDON, March 6.—The Daily Graphic in an editorial this morning praises President Wilson's special message to congress yesterday urging repeal of the clause of the Panama canal act exempting from the payment of tolls American coastwise shipping.

"President Wilson yesterday afforded the United States and the larger world outside," says the Graphic, "a singularly impressive illustration of the ioftiness and correctness with which he interprets his duty as the chief magistrate of the republic. To do right and to do it loyally and generously, without quibble or hesitation, is a lesson that sadly wants teaching to the world of statesmanship, and President Wilson has taught it with admirable effect. Nor has he failed to emphasize the fact that in mutters of this kind the highest honesty is also the largest wisdom."

gest wisdom."

The Times in an editorial says:

"The striking message which President Wilson read to congress yesterday, whatever its practical results, will win him the approbation and respect of all that is best among the English-speaking nations of the globe."

The editorial points out that by a curious coincidence the message comes at the same time as the memorial to parliament urging Premier Asquith to reconsider the government's refusal to participate in the Panama-Pacific exposition.

one of the most perfectly phrased documents of modern times. The editorial admits that the United States might have an abstract right not to impose tolks on American coastwise shipping, just as Great Britain has the right to abstain from participation in the Panama-Pacific exposition, but that such actions would be mistakes. Great Britain's mistake with regard to the exposition, it adds, was shown by the memorial passed by parliament Wednesday urging reconsideration of the decision not to participate, which was signed by men representing the greatest trading and manufacturing interests of the country.

| Forced to Use Scrip.

| LAREDO, Texas, March 5 —Merchants at Nuevo Laredo were informed today by the federal commander there that they must accept cardboard scrip issued by the federal government as full value for would be redeemed at "stated intervals" at the city treasury, provided that depository had the necessary cash on hand. Some merchants asserted the order would force them to close their stores, because they could not use scrip to buy goods to repienish their stocks.

| Discovers Change. | Discovers Change |

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

# 

(Continued from Page One.)

body of Benton has been only temporarily abandoned, according to officials. The outcome of the inquiry instituted by the Mexican constitutionalists themselves, however, is awaited and officials have given no inkling as to what their policy will be thereafter.

General Carranza has addressed to American Consul Simplich at Nogales a third note to the United States government setting forth that the commis-sion which he has appointed to investigate the Benton execution would en-deavor to clear up the mystery attend-

deavor to clear up the mysicily attenting the disappearance of Gustav Bauch, an American eitizen.

Secretary Bryan said the visit of George C. Carothers, consular agent, to General Carranza did not concern the Beuton case. He declined to say what the purpose of the mission was.

# TERRAZAS APPEALS TO CONSUL FOR HELP

EL PASO, Tex., March 5 .- General juls Terrazas this afternoon appealed to Marion Letcher, American consul at Chihuahua, now in this city awaiting instructions, to save his son, Luis, whose ife has been declared the forfeit if 500,-000 pesos' ransom money is not paid over to General Francisco Villa, the

rebel leader. Consul Letcher declared himself deeply moved by the appeal of the octogenarian head of the great Mexican family, whose wide possessions have been confiscated by the constitutionalists, but he had to eply that he was helpless in the mat-

ter.
"I am 80 years old and meither life nor money mean much to me," said General Terrazas with a tremor in his voice "My son Luls has thirteen children and they need him. I would gladly return to Chilhuahua and Villa could kill me in-Chinantia and ying could kill me in-stead of my son."

While General Terrazas did not say as much, the interview left the inference that he is not now in possession of the sum demanded. Lais, the son, is about 50 years of age, and for several months has been held prisoner by the rebels.

## Don Luis Tortured.

At the the time of his arrest, the rebels demanded \$650,000 gold as the price of his life. This sum was slow in being paid and Luis was taken out and a noose adjusted about his neck. Then he was gently holsted from his feet. The torture was repeated until he signaled that he would now the sum demanded—all he he would pay the sum demanded—all he had in the Chihuahua bank.

After this incident he was removed from the palace where he had been confined and allowed to live under guard with his family in one of his father's houses.

Women relatives some time later ap-pealed to Villa to release him, but Villa was adamant.
"If the Cientificos had Pancho Villa "If the Clentificos had Fancho Villa a prisoner in the same circumstances, do you think he would be restrained in a palace and treated with the consideration in have shown Don Luis?" Villa replied. "No. Pancho Villa's head would have been placed on a pike and paraded about the city. The Terrazas family has accumulated its great wealth through op-

# he city. The Terrazas family has accumulated its great wealth through oppression of the people and now the peo-ple demand reparation." Aged Father Shaken.

Aged Father Shaken.

General Terrazas left Consul Letcher's room and appeared in the hotel lobby visibly shaken. His beard is white and his figure below the medium. H<sub>2</sub> walks with a cane, but creetly.

He was surrounded by friends and relatives on whose faces anxiety for the son and pity for the father were plainly written.

A personal appeal to Secretary Bryan was suggested, but the old man only shook his head. The appeal, however, may be made, unless it is possible to raise the ransom money. The great bulk of the Terrazas fortune, normally estimated at \$40,000,000 gold, was tied up by the confiscation order and most of the money available in foreign countries has been spent in the last three years. It was said tonight that the most serious obstacle in the way of a settlement of the matter is Villa's refusal to allow Don Luis to leave Mexico after the money is paid.

## noney is paid. Would Not Trust Villa.

Would Not Trust Villa.

General Terrazas, in replying to Villa, made payment of the money contingent on his son being brought to the center of the international brige here while the sum was changing hands. This Villa flatly declined to do. General Terrazas regards any other arrangements as folly, as his son doubtless, he thinks, would be used merely as a means of further extortion. Villa's messenger to General Terrazas said that the money must be paid within five days or Don Luis will be killed. The five days will expire tomorrow, but it is hoped that Villa's desire for the money, despite his enhity to the Terrazas family, will persuade him to delay extreme measures pending further negotiations which were suggested to him in telegrams today.

# Excites No Interest.

EL PASO, Texas, March 5.—The in-estigation of the Benton and Bauch axes begun at Juarez today by a com-nission of three Mexicans appointed by

mission of three Mexicans appointed by General Carranza, excited no interest on this side of the river.

A member of the Anglo-American commission appointed for the same purpose, but whose efforts were frustrated by the rebels, said tonight that this commission doubtless would disband, aithough rebels, said tonight that this commission doubtless would disband, aithough Charles A. C. Perceval of the British consular service and a member of the commission is still here.

The same member said that Perceval's investigation thus far has elicited no evidence not previously made public in the newsrapers.

### newspapers. Fighting Near Torreon.

CHIHUAHUA, Mexico March 5.—An official report of the fighting between a detachment of the federals northwest of Torreon and a scouting party of rebels under General Urbina was received here

today.

The fight occurred at Haclenda Pelayo, west of Mapinil, the report says, and while intermittent for two days, was of little limportance. There were small losses on both sides.

The report asks for more ammunition and expresses the wish that General Villa will soon come south himself.

# Fight at Casas Grandes.

JUARIEZ, Mexico, March 5.—A bare report that fighting is in progress at Casas Grandes between the federal detachment which recently entered the town unopposed and a rebel force sent to oust it was received here today. There were no details, but the number of men engaged is known to be small.

# letter of the Monroe doctrine, the United States is now becoming anxious to stand well with the European powers. The government at Washington is apprehensive lest if it became involved in intervention in Mexico Japan might seize the occasion to carry her ambitious designs on the Philippines and Hawaii into effect, and believes that Europe, if so disposed, could lay an embargo on Japan's ambitions."

Keith-O'Brien Co.

THE HIGHEST TYPE OF

LADIES' TAILORING SEEN

IN SALT LAKE

Will Be Featured for One Week

We have no hesitancy in recommending Mr. Schwab's work.

Ladies' Tailors in Washington, D. C., and numbers among his custom-

reason we have for lowering prices temporarily is to get made as many

Our investigations covering his work for many years past lead us to

Mr. Schwab was for many years recognized as one of the finest

It takes a while for a new man to win confidence. And the

suits as possible-for each suit worn will become the strongest adver-

THE SEASON HAS HARDLY OPENED. THEREFORE, WE

URGE OUR CUSTOMERS TO COME IN AND TAKE ADVANTAGE

ers women whose names are known throughout the country.

To Introduce This New Section a Reduction of \$10.00

believe that he will more than please our customers.

tisement possible.

Carranza at Naco.

Carranza and his party will start to-morrow on horseback for Chihuahua.

Arrest Ordered.

British Subject in Jail.

Gold Held in Mexico.

Old Rumor Revived.

MEXICO CITY, March 5.—Once more the rumor is in circulation that General Huerta soon will leave the presidency to assume command of the army in the north. Part of the rumored plan is that he will run for the presidency in elections to be held in July.

Should Huerta vacale the post of chief executive the present formation of the cabinet would leave in the presidency Jose Lopez Portillo y Rojas, minister of foreign affairs.

OF THE DISCOUNT.

(Continued from Page One.)

Carranza at Naco.

NACO, Sonora, Mexico, March 5.—
General Carranza arrived tonight, after
having met no more dangerous enemy
than a delegation of washerwomen during
his day's trip from Nogales.

The washerwomen accosted him at the
railrond junction above Cananea and told
him the wherefore of their troubles with
the Chinese laundrymen of the Mexican
mining town where last week there had
been an anti-Chinese riot, in which the
women took a leading part.

Pathos was blended with the humor of
the situation when the constitutionalist
chief was informed that the delegation
had been walking from Cananea, a matter
of fifteen miles, each day for four days,
so that they might not miss seeing him.

Carranza considered gravely the varying prices of dry and ironed work. He
told the women that he would consider
the Chinese problem of their town. He
sald that already the Chinese had been
debarred from entering Mexico and that
the conditions arising from those already
in the country must be borne with patience.

Carranza and his party will start toduce his bond to that amount. Mrs. Roulston came here several years ago from San Francisco.

The most woe-begone of the prisoners was Hyman Finkelstein, who, when arrested in the church last night, had \$750 in his possession. Finkelstein said he had no idea of the nature of the demonstration in which he was participating. "I was watching the participating. "I was watching the meeting in Rutgers square," he said, "when somebody said, 'Come on; we're all going to eat,' so I followed.

Finkelstein refused to give his address for fear, he said, that he would be replaced to the returned home.

be robbed after he returned home.

# Kelly's Band Routed.

OAKLAND, Cal., March 5.—"General" Kelly's band of 2000 unemployed men, which started from San Francisco Tuesday to march to the national capital, was routed here day by 250 policemen armed with ri-fles. The entire hand was put aboard street cars and shipped to Richmond, a near-by town. No resistance was offered, the men ignoring Kelly's plea that they stand and give battle to the

At Richmond, however, the travelers immediately began a riot, attempting to demolish a large wooden storage to demolish a large wooden storage building. Policemen dispersed them with a liberal use of their clubs and ar-rested a number of the ring leaders.

# Senator's Opinion.

Arrest Ordered.

AUSTIN, Tex., March 5.—Replying to the Texas governor's inquiry concerning a requisition for the kidnapers of Clemente Vergara, an American citizen. General Jouquin Maas, Mexican federal general commanding the district where Vergara was lured into Mexico and reported executed, loday wired that he had ordered the "arrest of the persons named." His telegram did not say whether, if apprehended, they would be surrendered to Texas.

General Maas signed his telegram as "Governor General of the State of Conhulla," sending the message from Saltillo.

Governor Colquitt did not send a formal requisition, but inquired whether a Texas requisition, but inquired whether a Texas requisition would be honored. The individuals he named were Apolonio Rodriguez, reputed to be a federal captain, and men said to be under his command, who were charged with stealing Vergara's horses from an island in the Rio Grande, claimed to be on the American side of the line. As Vergara's reported death occurred on the Mexican side, the only charge on which a requisition could be based was horse stealing.

Governor Colquitt's request was made under a section of a treaty between the United States and Mexico and the United States may surrender fugilives to each other without presentation of such requisitions through the usual diplomatic channels for foreign negotiations. This request was addressed to General Maas as governor of the district where the alleged horse thet occurred and not, as was reported yesterday, to Salome Boleo, said to be federal governor of Nuevo Leon.

British Subject in Jail. WASHINGTON, March 5.-The In-dustrial Workers of the World and militant suffragettes should be classed with 'other forms of lawlessness,' Senator Sherman declared today. He added he felt he could say so without his motives being questioned, because he favored the woman suffrage constitutional amendment tutional amendment.

# Headed for Ogden.

Headed for Ogden.

RICHMOND, Cai. March 5.—Arrangements were made tonight by the authorities of Contra Costa county for the transportation of two camps of unemployed men. aggregating about 1600 men, to Benicia, Solano county, tomorrow morning. The men will be put aboard Santa Fe cars and taken to Martinez, where a breakfast will be served by the people of that town. From there the men will be transported by train to Muir station, the closest point to Port Costa touched by the Santa Fe railroad. Ferryboat service has been arranged to send the men into Solano county, across Carquilnez straits. It was reported here tonight that the citizens of Benicia were threatening to oppose the landing of the men. Deputy sheriffs and special police guarded the camps tonight and were prepared to act vigorously in the event of attempted depredations.

Leaders of the rival faction of marchers said that they intended to make Ogden. Utah, a common meeting point, where other bodies of men will gather from Portland, Tacoma and Loz Angeles, From Ogden they say they will travel en masse to Washington, D. C.

El. PASO, Tex. March 5.—The case of E. Goodnean, a British subject born in Canada, now serving a ninety-day sentence at Juarez for alleged theft, was placed in the hands of Charles A. C. Perceval of the British consular service bere today. here today.

Mr. Perceval, whose attention was called to Goodnean's plight by Thomas D. Edwards American consul at Juarez, asid he would make an investigation. According to Gustavo Padres, mayor of Juarez. Goodnean was offered the option of a fine of \$50. but had no money, and was thereupon sentenced to jail.

# WILL TRY TO RELEASE TUG WITH DYNAMITE

VERA CRUZ. March 5.—Passengers on board the Ward line steamer Montercy sailing tonight for Havana and New York were notified by special customs inspectors that they would not be permitted to take out of the country foreign gold coin. Six passengers having in their possession American gold coins were compelled to go ashore and exchange them for American notes.

The Mexican law prohibits the export of Mexican gold and silver coin, but previously it had not been made to apply to American gold. CURLING, N. F., March 5.—United States Consul Gould and six fishermen left here today with a quantity of dynamite with which they will try to release the United States naval tag Potomac which was caught in the Gulf of St. Lawrence ice four weeks ago.

Southeast gales have carried the ice floes in which the tug was pinned out into the gulf, and when last reperted she was twenty-five miles from Cowhead, at the entrance of Bonne bay. Although her commander and crew abandoned the Potomac two weeks ago, her engineer and firemen remained on board, and so far as known they was still on the ship when she was

on board, and so far as known they were still on the ship when she was carried out into the gulf on Tuesday.

# PLAYWRIGHT MAKES FORTUNE EACH YEAR

Some merchants asserted the order would force them to close their stores, because they could not use scrip to buy goods to replenish their stocks.

Discovers Change.

LONDON, March 5.—The policy of the United States toward Mexico occupied a leading place in the editorial columns of the English newspapers again today. The Evening Standard discovers a marked change in the whole trend of American foreign policy. Insteady of haughty isolation, based on the strict.

Preliminary Work.

JUAREZ, Mexico, March 5.—Preliminary work of investigating the Eauch and Bonton cases by the new commission of rebels appointed by Venustisno Carranza was begun here today. The commission for separation. Mr. Broadhurst said that his annual income from his plays during the last two years had averaged \$102,000. During the last seven witnesses.

The Evening Standard discovers a marking a list of witnesses.

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The Evening Standard discovers a marking a list of witnesses.

The Evening Standard discovers a marking a list of witnesses.

The Evening Standard discovers a marking a list of witnesses.

# Many Recoveries From Lung Trouble

A medicine for Throat and Lung Troubles which has been thoroughly tested for many years, and which has been instrumental in restoring complete health to a large number of sufferers, should be thoroughly investigated by everyone. While no undue claims are made for it, nor any guarantee that its use will restore health, Eckman's Alterative has been given the full credit in saving lives in many cases.

Read this case: Wilmington Del

In many cases.

Read this case: Wilmington, Del.

"Gentlemen—In January, 1908, I was taken with hemorrhages of the lungs. My physician, one of the leading practitioners of Wilmington, Dely said that it was lung trouble. I took eggs and milk in quantities, but I got very weak. Mr. C. A. Lippincott of Lippincott & Co., Department Store, 306 to 314 Market street, Wilmington. Del. recommended to me Eckman's Alterative that had done great good, and upon his suggestion I began good, and upon his suggestion I began taking it at once. This was about June. 1908. I continued faithfully, using no other remedy, and finally noticed the clearing of the lungs. I now have no trouble with my lungs. I firmly believe Eckman's Alterative saved my life."

(Affidavit) JAS. SQUIRES.

(Above abbreviated; more on request.)
Eckman's Alterative has been proven by many years test to be most efficacious for severe Throat and Lung Affections, Bronchitis, Bronchial Asthma, Stubborn Bronchitis, Bronchial Astima, Stubborn Colds and in upbuilding the system. Contains no narcotics, poisons or habit-forming drugs. Sold by leading druggists. Write the Eckman Laboratory, Philadelphia, Pa., for bookiet telling of recoveries and additional evidence. Sold by Schramm-Johnson, Drugs, 'The Never-

# ESCAPED LYNCHING BY LIVING IN NORTH

HARTFORD, Conn., March 5 .- "I sentence you to not less than twenty years and not more than twenty five vears in state prison. and you may years in state prison. and you may thank heaven you live in a more or less temperate zone," said Judge Case in the superior court today in passing sentence on Everett Brown, colored, 28 years old, who was found guilty by a jury of assault on Mary Stauckey, white, aged 14. In his argument State's Attorney Alcorn said that the fact that Brown lived north of the Mason and Dixon line was the only reason he had had a trial.

# Alleged Sharper Arrested.

SAN FRANCISCO. March 5.—William Blerkamp, Jr., was arrested by detectives here today, in response to a telegram from Sileriff G. S. Duffield of Denver, who said Bierkamp was wanted there for operating a confidence game. Bierkamp gave his occupation as a banker when he was booked at the city prison.

You probably haven't much idea about the way clothes-styles are designed; the artistic talent employed in producing the models you like.

Design in clothes is the intangible thing which makes the difference between correct, and almost correct, style. It is the mark of supremacy in our goods.

Hart Schaffner & Marx Good Clothes Makers